UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

CASE NO.:

SANTIAGO PINEDA and all others similarly situated under 29 U.S.C. 216(B),)
Plaintiffs,	$\frac{1}{2}$
vs.)
JTCH APARTMENTS, LLC SIMONA VIZIREANU,)
Defendants.)
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COMPLAINT UNDER 29 U.S.C. 201- 216 OVERTIME WAGE VIOLATIONS

Plaintiff, SANTIAGO PINEDA, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated under 29 U.S.C. 216(B), through undersigned counsel, files this Complaint against Defendants JTCH APARTMENTS, LLC and SIMONA VIZIREANU, and alleges:

- 1. This is an action arising under the Fair Labor Standards Act 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-216.
- 2. The Plaintiff was a resident of Dallas County, Texas at the time that this dispute arose.
- 3. The Defendant, JTCH APARTMENTS, LLC, is a foreign limited liability company that regularly transacts business within Dallas County. Upon information and belief, the Defendant Company was the FLSA employer for Plaintiff's respective period of employment ("the relevant time period").
- 4. The individual Defendant, SIMONA VIZIREANU, is a corporate officer and/or owner and/or manager of the Defendant Company who runs the day-to-day operations of the Defendant Company for the relevant time period and was responsible for paying Plaintiff's wages for the relevant time period and controlled Plaintiff's work and schedule and was

- therefore Plaintiff's employer as defined by 29 U.S.C. 203 (d).
- 5. All acts or omissions giving rise to this dispute took place in the Northern District of Texas.

COUNT I. FEDERAL OVERTIME WAGE VIOLATION

- 6. This action arises under the laws of the United States. This case is brought as a collective action under 29 USC 216(B). It is believed that the Defendants have employed several other similarly situated employees like the Plaintiff who have not been paid overtime and minimum wages for work performed in excess of 40 hours weekly from the filing of this complaint back three years.
- 7. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 as this case is brought pursuant to The Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-219 (section #216 for jurisdictional placement).
- 8. 29 U.S.C. § 207 (a) (1) states, " if an employer employs an employee for more than forty hours in any work week, the employer must compensate the employee for hours in excess of forty at the rate of at least one and one half times the employee's regular rate...."
- 9. Plaintiff, SANTIAGO PINEDA, worked for Defendants as a maintenance man from on or about September 5, 2011 through on or about January 21, 2013.
- 10. Defendant's business activities involve those to which the Fair Labor Standards Act applies. Both the Defendants' business and the Plaintiff's work for the Defendants affected interstate commerce for the relevant time period. Plaintiff's work for the Defendants affected interstate commerce for the relevant time period because the materials and goods that Plaintiff used on a constant and/or continual basis and/or that were supplied to them by the Defendants to use on the job moved through interstate commerce prior to and/or subsequent to Plaintiff's use of the same. The Plaintiff's work for the Defendants was actually in and/or so closely related to

- the movement of commerce while they worked for the Defendants that the Fair Labor Standards Act applies to Plaintiff's work for the Defendants.
- 11. Upon information and belief, the Defendant Corporation had gross sales or business done in excess of \$500,000 annually for the years 2010, 2011 and 2012.
- 12. Upon information and belief, the Defendant Corporation's gross sales or business done is expected to exceed \$500,000 for the year 2013.
- 13. Furthermore, Defendants regularly employed two or more employees for the relevant time period who handled goods or materials that travelled through interstate commerce, or used instrumentalities of interstate commerce, thus making Defendants' business an enterprise covered under the Fair Labor Standards Act.
- 14. From on or about September 5, 2011 through on or about January 21, 2013, Plaintiff SANTIAGO PINEDA worked an average of 49 hours per week and was paid an average of \$9.00 per hour, but was never paid the extra halftime overtime rate for hours worked above 40 hours in a week as required by the Fair Labor Standards Act. Plaintiff therefore claims the half time overtime rate for each overtime hour worked in a work week.
- 15. Defendants willfully and intentionally refused to pay Plaintiff's overtime wages as required by the Fair Labor Standards Act as Defendants knew of the overtime requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act and recklessly failed to investigate whether Defendants' payroll practices were in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act. Defendants remain owing Plaintiff these wages from the commencement of Plaintiff's employment for the time period specified above.

Wherefore, the Plaintiff requests double damages and reasonable attorney fees from

Defendants, jointly and severally, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act as cited above, to be

proven at the time of trial for all overtime wages still owing from Plaintiff's entire employment

period with Defendants or as much as allowed by the Fair Labor Standards Act along with court

costs, interest, and any other relief that this Court finds reasonable under the circumstances. The

Plaintiff requests a trial by jury.

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ J.H. Zidell

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